AMENDMENT UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.116 Attorney Docket No.: Q80686

Application No.: 10/809,521

REMARKS

Status of the Application

Claims 1-33 are all the claims pending in the application. Applicants have amended claim 30 to address a 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph rejection raised by the Examiner. Further, Applicants have amended claim 33 to be consistent with USPTO practice and procedure. Applicants submit that no new matter has been added, therefore, the amendments should be duly entered.

Claim 30 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as allegedly being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 1-33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being allegedly anticipated by Sistanizadeh et al. (U.S. 6,681,232; hereinafter "Sistanizadeh").

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

Claim 30 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being allegedly indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In order to expedite the prosecution for the present application, Applicants have amended the claims without adding new matter and to improve clarity in a manner that is not believed to affect the scope of the claim in any way, and thus it is believed no estoppel is implicated by the amendment to overcome the rejection. In view of the amendments, Applicants respectfully request that the Examiner withdraw the 35 U.S.C. 112 rejections.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

Claims 1-33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being allegedly anticipated by Sistanizadeh. Applicants respectfully traverse these rejections.

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The Examiner has issued a substantially identical rejection to the rejection issued in the Office Action dated December 27, 2007. Therefore, the arguments presented are limited to the Examiner's Response to Arguments found on pages 12 -14 of the present Office Action in regards to claim 1-3.

Claim 1

Claim 1 recites, in part:

A local assurance management device for a network element in a communication network equipped with a network management system, where said network element presents a chosen configuration and comprises means for measuring parameter values in the network, and a built-in management information base used to store management data which are representative of said measured parameter values, wherein the device comprises management means which are arranged to adapt the configuration of said network element according to at least said management data stored in said management information base.

The Examiner asserts "Sistanizadeh discloses changing the configuration of the network according to management data and assurance rules (column 21, lines 45-64, where the management module instructs anticipates management data, and necessary configuration changes to provide the increased bandwidth anticipates changing the configuration according to an assurance rule)". (See Office Action, page 13). Applicants respectfully disagree with the Examiner's position.

In Sistanizadeh, the subscriber chooses how much bandwidth to purchase. (See col. 21, lines 36-37). In response to the choice by the subscriber, the provisioning service module 151 instructs *the management module 165 to allocate reserved resources* to the particular customer's service. In response, the management module 165 instructs the agent(s) in the effected switch(es) to make the necessary configuration changes to provide the increased bandwidth service for the port(s) of the particular customer. (See col. 21, lines 45-51). Whereas

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in the present invention, the management data are "representative of said measured parameter values" as recited in claim 1. Accordingly, the management module of Sistanizadeh is unrelated to the "management data" as recited in the claimed invention, as the management module of Sistanizadeh allocates bandwidth in response to a subscriber's demand. Thus, the management module of Sistanizadeh does not disclose or suggest, "management data", as claimed. Specifically, Sistanizadeh does not disclose a built-in management information base used to store management data which are representative of said measured parameter values.

Claim 1 also recites, in part, "where said adaptation comprises a change to a measurement policy parameter and/or *a change to a report transmission policy* to said network management system". The Examiner asserts "a change to a report transmission policy" as recited in claim 1, is disclosed at col. 17, lines 50-53 of Sistanizadeh, where the QoS *monitoring/reporting* anticipates a report transmission policy. (See Office Action, page 13). Applicants respectfully disagree with the Examiner's position.

In Sistanizadeh, the SLM application provides QoS *monitoring/reporting* and automatic bandwidth increases/decreases. (See col. 17, lines 50-53). As recited in Sistanizadeh, the monitoring/reporting service merely monitors the health of the network (see col. 17, lines 56-57), but does not *disclose* "where said adaptation comprises... *a change to a report transmission policy* to said network management system".

Claim 1 also recites, in part:

the device comprises management means which are arranged to adapt the configuration of said network element according to...chosen rules, known as assurance rules, defining a local assurance policy, where said adaptation comprises a change to a measurement policy parameter and/or a change to a report transmission policy to said network management system.

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The Examiner asserts that the "local assurance policy" as recited in claim 1, is disclosed at col. 17, lines 56-61 of Sistanizadeh where the *SLM* anticipates a local assurance policy by the SLM. Applicants respectfully disagree with the Examiner's position.

In Sistanizadeh, the SLM application monitors the health of the network by analyzing semantic transparency and time transparency of data and control traffic through the network and provides the results of this analysis to various users, such as network service customers and network operations personnel. Furthermore, the SLM application offers a provisioning service which increases or decreases bandwidth. (See col. 18, lines 49-53). Nowhere in Sistanizadeh, however, does the "SLM" in Sistanizadeh disclose "adapt[ing] the configuration of said network element according to...chosen rules, known as assurance rules, defining a local assurance policy" as recited in claim 1. Specifically, Sistanizadeh is not at all concerned with a local assurance policy.

Applicants refer the Examiner to, for example, page 8, lines 21-27 and page 14, lines 6-30, of the Applicants' specification which discusses a local assurance policy. Therefore, in light of the Applicants' specification, it would be clear to one of ordinary skill in the art that Sistanizadeh does not disclose a local assurance policy.

For at least the above reasons, claim 1 should be deemed allowable. Accordingly, claims 2-33 should be patentable at least by virtue of their respective dependencies from claim 1.

Claim 2

Claim 2 recites, in part, "management means are arranged so as to adapt said configuration according to information data coming from at least one other network element".

The Examiner asserts, "Sistanizadeh discloses the adaptation of the configuration data coming from at least one other network element (column 18, lines 56-59, where the *provisioning service*

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anticipates the information data coming from another network element as a result of submitting the information to the relevant devices in the network)". Applicants respectfully disagree with the Examiner's position.

The "provisioning service" of Sistanizadeh, "submits the information to the relevant device in the network plane equipment" but does not disclose or suggest, "adapt said configuration according to information data coming from at least one other network element" as recited in claim 2. Thus, claim 2 should be deemed allowable.

Claim 3

Claim 3 recites, in part, "wherein said adaptation comprises a change to a method of operation of said network element". The Examiner asserts "Sistanizadeh discloses the adaptation comprises a change to a method of operation of said network element (column 19, lines 39-44, where the combination of the *management service* and *utility service* anticipates the changing of a method of operation as a result of the *shutdown and restart* of network elements)". Applicants respectfully disagree with the Examiner's position.

In Sistanizadeh, the utility service performs graceful shutdown and restart. (See col. 19, line 39). Such an operation as disclosed in Sistanizadeh is a support function performed by the utility service 163. (See col. 19, line 36). Thus, performing the shutdown and restart in Sistanizadeh, would not constitute a "change to a method of operation" of said network element" as recited in claim 3.

Sistanizadeh, however, changes the bandwidth per a customer demand, but changing the bandwidth of the agent does not disclose "wherein said adaptation comprises a change to a method of operation of said network element" as claimed. Therefore, claim 3 should be deemed allowable.

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Conclusion

In view of the above, reconsideration and allowance of this application are now believed

to be in order, and such actions are hereby solicited. If any points remain in issue which the

Examiner feels may be best resolved through a personal or telephone interview, the Examiner is

kindly requested to contact the undersigned at the telephone number listed below.

The USPTO is directed and authorized to charge all required fees, except for the Issue

Fee and the Publication Fee, to Deposit Account No. 19-4880. Please also credit any

overpayments to said Deposit Account.

Respectfully submitted,

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CUSTOMER NUMBER

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